

COMPRENSIÓN ORAL (texto para ser grabado por hablante nativo)

- 1. Tiempo para leer lo que se les pide
- 2. Escucha 1
- 3. Tiempo para rellenar datos
- 4. Escucha 2
- 5. Tiempo para rellenar datos
- 6. Escucha 3

A 2003 government review concluded that organic agriculture can bring environmental benefits by increasing farmland wildlife and soil quality while reducing energy use, carbon emissions, pesticide and nitrate pollution.

But the science is a long way off from saying for sure whether organic food does the climate any good. For example, beef has a large carbon footprint no matter how it is farmed. And, like regular food, organic produce may be flown long distances or heavily packaged.

In addition, organic systems often produce lower yields than conventional systems. People argue that widespread organic agriculture might increase the total area of farmland needed to feed the world. This in turn might encourage the clearing of rainforests and produce more CO₂ than conventional farming.

Future research may also clarify the question of health benefits. In the meantime, sales of organic products continue to rise steeply. In 2006 alone, UK sales were up by more than a fifth.